

**RAPE**

**NATIONAL COMMISSION  
ON THE OBSERVANCE OF  
INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S YEAR**



## Members, National Commission on the Observance of International Women's Year, 1977

### *Bella S. Abzug, of New York, New York*

Presiding Officer, National Commission on the Observance of International Women's Year

Attorney and Former U.S. Congresswoman (D-N.Y.)

Founder and Former Chair, National Women's Political Caucus

Congressional Advisor to the U.S. Delegation to the UN World Conference on IWY in Mexico City, July 1975

*Ruth J. Abram, of New York, New York*  
Executive Director, Women's Action Alliance.

*Maya Angelou, of Sonoma, California*  
Poet; Actress; Playwright; Author.

*Elizabeth Athanasakos, of Ft. Lauderdale, Florida*  
Practicing Attorney; Former Presiding Officer, IWY Commission, 1976.

*Betty Blanton, of Nashville, Tennessee*  
First Lady of Tennessee.

*Cecilia Preciado Burciaga, of Palo Alto, California*  
Assistant to the President, Stanford University.

*Liz Carpenter, of Austin, Texas*  
Co-Chair, ERAmerica; Writer, Consultant at L.B.J. Library.

*John Mack Carter, of New York, New York*  
Editor-in-Chief, *Good Housekeeping* Magazine.

*Sey Chassler, of New York, New York*  
Editor-in-Chief, *Redbook* Magazine.

*Ruth C. Clusen, of Green Bay, Wisconsin*  
President, National League of Women Voters.

*Audrey Rowe Colom, of Washington, D.C.*  
Former Chair, National Women's Political Caucus; Director of Women's Activities, Corporation for Public Broadcasting.

*Jane Culbreth, of Leeds, Alabama*  
Immediate Past President (1976-77), National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, Inc.; Corporate Officer, Moss-Thornton Company.

*Harry T. Edwards, of Ann Arbor, Michigan*  
Professor of Law, University of Michigan Law School.

*Rita Elway, of Seattle, Washington*  
Communications Researchers; Founder, Asian Pacific Women's Caucus; Board Member, Japanese American Citizen's League.

*Beverly Everett, of New Sharon, Iowa*  
Iowa State President, American Association of University Women.

*Betty Ford, of Palm Springs, California*  
Former First Lady of the United States.

*Bernice S. Frieder, of Lakewood, Ohio*  
Former National Officer, National Council of Jewish Women.

*Martha Griffiths, of Romeo, Michigan*  
Member, Griffiths and Griffiths Law Firm; Member of Congress (D-MI), 1955-1975.

*Dorothy Haener, of Detroit, Michigan*  
International Representative, Women's Department, United Auto Workers; Board Member, National Committee on Household Employment.

*Rhea Mojica Hammer, of Chicago, Illinois*  
Businesswoman; Journalist-Newspaper Publisher of *El-Charin*; Consultant, Latino Unlimited; Advisory Board, National Women's Political Caucus.

*LaDonna Harris, of Albuquerque, New Mexico*  
President, Americans for Indian Opportunity; Member, Common Cause.

*Lenore Hershey, of New York, New York*  
Editor-in-Chief, *Ladies' Home Journal*.

*Koryne Horbal, of Minneapolis, Minnesota*  
U.S. Representative to the United Nations Commission on the Status of Women; Chair, Women's Caucus, Democratic National Committee.

*Mildred Jeffrey, of Detroit, Michigan*  
Chair, National Women's Political Caucus; Board Member, Consumer Federation of America; Founder, Coalition of Labor Union Women.

*Jeffalyn Johnson, of Arlington, Virginia*  
Management Consultant; Former Associate Director, Dean and Senior Professor, Federal Executive Institute.

*Coretta Scott King, of Atlanta, Georgia*  
Civil Rights Worker; Founder, Martin Luther King, Jr., Memorial Center, Atlanta.

*Mary Anne Krupsak, of Canajoharie, New York*  
Lieutenant Governor, State of New York.

*Margaret J. Mealey, of Washington, D.C.*  
Executive Director, National Council of Catholic Women; Former Member, Citizen's Advisory Council on the Status of Women.

*Jean O'Leary, of New York, New York*  
Co-Executive Director, National Gay Task Force; Member, Regional Advisory Committee to the New York State Human Rights Division.

*Mildred E. Persinger, of Dobbs Ferry, New York*  
UN Representative of National Board, Young Women's Christian Association of the U.S.A.; Organizing Chair of the non-governmental Tribune of the UN World Conference on IWY in Mexico City, July 1975.

*Connie Plunkett, of Carrollton, Georgia*  
Member, Affirmative Action Committee of the Democratic National Committee; Former City Councilwoman, Carrollton; Deputy Campaign Director, Campaign Staff, Carter-Mondale Campaign.

*Ersa Poston, of Washington, D.C.*  
Member U.S. Civil Service Commission; Former Commissioner and Past President, New York Civil Service Commission.

*Claire Randall, of New York, New York*  
General Secretary, National Council of Churches of Christ in the U.S.A.

*Alice S. Rossi, of Amherst, Massachusetts*  
Professor of Sociology, University of Massachusetts; Chair, Board of Directors, Social Science Research Council, New York.

*Gloria Scott, of Houston, Texas*  
National President, Girl Scouts of the U.S.A.; Professor of Higher Education, Texas Southern University; Member, Board of Directors, National Urban League.

*Fleanor Smeal, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania*  
President, National Organization for Women; Homemaker.

*Jean Stapleton, of Los Angeles, California*  
Actress, two-time Emmy-winner for "All in the Family."

*Gloria Steinem, of New York, New York*  
Editor, *MS* Magazine; Chair of the Board, Women's Action Alliance.

*Ethel Taylor, of Bala-Cynwyd, Pennsylvania*  
National Coordinator, Women Strike for Peace.

*Carmen Delgado Votaw, of Bethesda, Maryland*  
U.S. Delegate to the Inter American Commission on Women of the OAS, President, National Conference of Puerto Rican Women.

*Gerridee Wheeler, of Bismark, North Dakota*  
Member, Republican National Committee; Past President, National Association for Mental Health.

*Addie Wyatt, of Chicago, Illinois*  
Vice President, Coalition of Labor Union Women; Vice President, Amalgamated Meatcutters and Butcher Workmen of North America; Citizens for Day Care, Illinois.

### *Members of Congress:*

Senator Birch Bayh, from Indiana.

Senator Charles Percy, from Illinois.

Representative Margaret Heckler, from Massachusetts.

Representative Elizabeth Holtzman, from New York.

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON THE OBSERVANCE  
OF INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S YEAR  
Washington, D.C. 20520

WORKSHOP GUIDELINE ON

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\*           \*  
\*   RAPE  \*  
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The purpose of this guideline is to assist you in setting up a workshop on rape.\* We have tried to provide factual information to which you may refer.\*\*

Included are:

- . a fact sheet containing national data and specific information on the subject
- . an annotated bibliography
- . a list of speakers
- . a list of resource people
- . a list of rape crisis centers and task forces, and
- . a list of films

The following goals are suggested:

1. To provide an overview of the problem of rape.\*\*\*
2. To measure your State law against the recommendations of the National Commission on the Observance of International Women's Year and recommend needed changes.

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\* "Rape" is used in this guideline synonymously with sexual assault. Legally sexual assault is a broader term, including oral and anal sodomy as well as penile-vaginal sexual intercourse.

\*\* The State Coordinating Committee may put its heading or the heading of the National Commission at the top of page one of the fact sheet and distribute it to workshop participants. Additional State-related material may be added to the fact sheet prior to distribution.

\*\*\* Because of the complexity of the subject and the limited resources available, this guideline does not cover the topic of child sexual abuse. If you wish to set up a workshop on the subject, we will offer our assistance and try to supply you with as much material as possible.

3. To examine the extent to which enlightened practices and attitudes toward victims prevail in your State.
4. To recommend means for improving practices and attitudes of police, hospitals, prosecutors, and media throughout the State.
5. To consider Commission recommendations on rape.

#### Program Suggestions

Basic reforms regarding rape are needed at both the State and local level to correct the injustice against women. The laws of most States are far from meeting the recommendations of the IWY Commission (see page 4), and the attitudes and practices of hospitals, prosecutors, judges, and the media in most communities reflect the myths rather than the reality of rape. It will not be possible to cover in one workshop both aspects in detail.

Following are some program suggestions, from which selection can be made depending on the situation in your State.

1. Consideration of needed changes in the law might be expedited by having prepared in advance a written analysis of deficiencies in State law with recommendations for change. One of the crisis centers listed for your State (see appendix) will probably be able to provide information concerning any efforts in your State to reform the law, and suggest the name of a lawyer or law professor who could prepare a brief for distribution at the meeting and who could also serve as a panel member to outline the legislative situation.

A lawyer who opposes changes that will make it easier to convict rapists should be included on the panel or a written statement of such views should be distributed. A local American Civil Liberties Union office may be able to help you locate information on this subject.

2. A panel could discuss the attitudes and practices of hospitals, prosecutors, judges, and the media. A crisis center might be able

to suggest an articulate rape victim whose experiences would spotlight the deficiencies in community practice. Other panel members might be selected from representatives from the prosecutor's office, a police officer with responsibility for rape investigations, a physician or nurse familiar with hospital practice. A newspaper or TV official might be included if insensitive coverage is a problem.

3. You may decide to use a film or slide show as an introduction and departure point for discussion. This may be used in conjunction with a speaker providing information relevant to your State. In addition to the list of speakers appended to this workshop guideline, suggestions for other local speakers may be obtained by contacting a rape crisis center or task force located in your State. These local groups may be able to lead you to the experts on sexual assault in your area. Also refer to the list of resource people. These individuals are very knowledgeable and will provide additional information and suggestions.
4. The leader of a task force that has investigated practices in a community in your State could cover the practices found, the reforms achieved, and the methods used in the study. A written report for distribution to participants might encourage establishment of task forces in additional communities.
5. Some special attention to treatment of minorities may be needed. An official of the city human resources department should be able to provide information on the need for bilingual information, and on the present effectiveness of bicultural dissemination.

Workshop participants who wish to become more active may be able to participate in existing anti-rape groups. The workshop may demonstrate, however, that rape task forces or centers need to be established in additional localities. Funding information is included in an appendix titled "Funding Sources and Proposal Writing". You may decide to schedule a later meeting to pursue this goal or to implement specific recommendations.

Consideration of IWY Commission Recommendations:

The Commission requests that your workshop consider the following recommendations in addition to those which emerge from your own discussion. These recommendations can be found in the Commission's report to the President "...To Form A More Perfect Union..." Justice for American Women on the pages indicated in the parentheses.

- I. The I.W.Y. Commission recommends that State legislatures and municipal governments review those portions of their criminal codes and case law dealing with rape and related offenses, and where necessary revise them to:
  - . Enumerate graduated degrees of the crime of sexual assault, with graduated penalties depending on the amount of force or coercion occurring with the activity;
  - . Redefine the crime to apply to both sexes and to include oral and anal contact and use of objects;
  - . Redefine the crime to include spouses as victims;
  - . Enlarge beyond traditional common law concepts the circumstances under which the act will be considered to have occurred without the victim's consent;
  - . Specify that the past sexual conduct of the victim can be introduced into evidence only after having been adjudicated relevant, out of the presence of the jury and the public; and
  - . Require no more corroborative evidence than is required in the prosecution of any other type of violent assault, including a prohibition against using the Hale instruction where it has been required by law or is customary. (p. 261)
  
- II. The I.W.Y. Commission recommends that women concerned with treatment of rape victims organize task forces in local communities where such task forces do not exist. The

task forces should include representatives from the police, hospitals, and prosecutor's office if possible. Such task forces might:

- . Review the law, police practices, medical procedures, and procedures in prosecutors' offices;
- . Recommend changes as needed;
- . Mobilize public support for change; and
- . Establish crisis centers for the support of victims. (p. 265)

Other possible recommendations for workshop consideration:

1. The \_\_\_\_\_ Women's Meeting recommends that more public information and awareness programs be developed by the public broadcasting company with rape task force and center input on sexual assault, in order to dispel the myths surrounding rape and help educate the public to the facts.
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ Women's Meeting recommends that more bicultural and bilingual information and services be made available where necessary.
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ Women's Meeting recommends that the media be strongly encouraged to cover sexual assault with sensitivity.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ Women's Meeting recommends that the Federal Congress adopt model legislation based on recommendations of the International Women's Year Commission. Although Federal rape prosecution is somewhat rare because of the limited scope of Federal criminal jurisdiction, the effect of a rape law revision would be to set a model for States.
5. The \_\_\_\_\_ Women's Meeting recommends that the National Center for the Prevention and Control of Rape within the National Institute of Mental Health be given permanent funding for research and demonstration programs and as a clearinghouse on sexual assault information and educational material with regard to prevention, treatment of victims and re-

habilitation of offenders.

6. The \_\_\_\_\_ Women's Meeting recommends that the \_\_\_\_\_ Legislature enact a victims' compensation law that includes compensation for pregnancy and pain and suffering, aspects that relate directly to sexual assault victims.

Susan I. Rubin  
January 1977

## FACT SHEET

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* RAPE \*  
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### Myth vs. Fact:

"It is the fantasies of rape, or perhaps we should say the myths, that have formed our ideas of rape because they are all we ever hear about it."

-- Medea and Thompson, Against Rape

MYTH #1: Rape is an impulsive act of passion.

Fact: 71% of all rapes are planned: the place was arranged, enticement was used, or the victim was deliberately sought and a plan made to coerce her into sexual relations.<sup>1</sup>

MYTH #2: Women cry "rape" as a form of revenge against former male friends.

Fact: Of adult victims (over the age of 18) the vast majority were raped by strangers. Children who are raped are more likely to know their assailant.<sup>2</sup> A Washington D.C. study on rape which divided the cases by age groups found:

### Age:

1-12	78% knew their assailant
13-17	82% knew their assailant
18-24	37% knew their assailant
25 and older	28% knew their assailant <sup>3</sup>

Recent New York police sex squad statistics indicate that only 3.4% of rape complaints are unfounded, a rate comparable to those of other felonies. Furthermore, adult women are usually raped by strangers. When a law enforcement agency receives a complaint of a criminal nature and the investigation that follows discloses that an offense has neither occurred nor was attempted, the complaint is "unfounded". Of the number of "unfounded" rape complaints reported to the New York Police Department only .4% were false in the sense projected by the myth.<sup>4</sup>

MYTH #3: Only women who dress provocatively and are in places where they shouldn't be are raped. In other words, women who are raped are asking for it in one way or another.

Fact: Women of all ages, races and economic backgrounds get raped. Rape Awareness in Miami reports that victims range from 2 months to 85 years old (34% were 15 years and under).<sup>5</sup>

Most rapes are planned; only 16% are explosive acts. Physical force was used in 85% of the cases. The remaining cases involved various degrees of non-physical force such as coercion and intimidation with or without weapons. Rape is a violent crime where brutality is inflicted upon the victim.<sup>6</sup>

In 52% of the cases the victim met the offender in a public place and then was coerced into accompanying the rapist to the place of assault.<sup>7</sup>

MYTH #4: If you are going to be raped you might as well relax and enjoy it.

Fact: Victims' responses to rape reflect that the violence and intense trauma of the event was neither relaxing nor enjoyable. After being raped:

42% reported feeling afraid of men  
28% said it affected their sex lives  
27% felt less independent or more afraid  
of being on their own  
23% said it damaged their trust in male-  
female relationships  
18% felt worthless or lost self-respect  
17% felt hostile toward men  
10% sustained physical injuries  
7% reported suicidal impulses  
5% suffered nightmares<sup>8</sup>

MYTH #5: No woman can be raped against her will.

Fact: Rape is a crime of violence, not sexual passion. Amir finds that in most cases (85.1%) some type of force is used, such as choking, beating, roughness, or use of a weapon.<sup>9</sup>

MYTH #6: Women have rape fantasies which reflect their desire to be raped.

Fact: Rape is an act of violent aggression. As Molly Haskill points out in her article "The 2,000 Year Old Misunderstanding: Rape Fantasy,"

For a woman to fantasize rape in the correct sense of the term would be to fantasize not love or lust but mutilation and no sane woman and very few insane ones express such a desire, even unconsciously.<sup>10</sup>

#### INCIDENCE

Forcible rape is the fastest growing major crime. Between 1970 and 1975 the number of reported rapes in the United States increased 48%. In 1975 alone, there were 56,090 reported rapes, one reported to the authorities every nine minutes. Fifty-one of every 100,000 females in this country were reported rape victims.<sup>11</sup>

These figures, however, are undoubtedly low since they include only cases of forcible rape, omitting other sex crimes such as incest and sodomy, when forced, and statutory rape without force, and reflect only those rapes reported to the authorities and verified by them. In its annual report, the FBI notes that of all the major offenses, rape "is probably one of the most under-reported crimes due primarily to fear and/or embarrassment on the part of the victims."<sup>12</sup> Other studies estimate that the actual number of sexual assaults against women of all ages may range from three and a half to nine times the number actually reported to police or medical facilities.<sup>13</sup>

#### NATURE OF RAPE

Rape is a crime of violence, not of sexual passion. In a report by the Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments on the treatment of rape victims, forcible rape from the victim's perspective was described as "both a severe personal violation resulting in the loss of control over her sexual and self determination and an extremely frightening life-threatening situation."<sup>14</sup> The Department of Justice report on victims of rape described it as "one of the most brutal of all crimes. Rape victims need sustain no physical injury to suffer severe and lasting pain; few crimes are better calculated to leave their victims with lasting psychic wounds."<sup>15</sup> The Queen's Bench study, Rape Victimization, noted that 89% of the victims interviewed reported that the rape had "altered" their lives in a major way.<sup>16</sup>

#### TREATMENT BY AUTHORITIES

The treatment of the victim by hospitals often increases the trauma. The Department of Justice report described some of the problems that rape victims face in what they labeled a "capsule version of typical criticism:"

A rape victim is usually brought to an emergency room of a large public hospital, which is crowded, confusing, understaffed, and overworked. She has to wait a long time for treatment, perhaps up to four hours, sitting

in soiled clothing after a lengthy police interview. Receptionists, under other institutional stress, snap at her. People awaiting treatment gawk at the victim and her police escort. Doctors make snide remarks as they examine her. The medical examination is unexplained and uncomfortable. Nurses let her know what they think of women who "ask" to get raped. Police, doctors, nurses, and clerks all are trying to get information from her, but no one asks how she is feeling. She is treated as an accused, as if she did something wrong. She leaves the hospital alone, to return home, frightened, confused, dirty, and distraught. She was raped in private during the crime; she has now been raped in public.<sup>17</sup>

The report of the D.C. Task Force on Rape found that rape victims experience other problems with medical facilities. They reported that some medical personnel neglected to perform tests necessary for the collection of evidence for further prosecution, thus lowering the chance of convictions. They also noted that many doctors did not want to examine a rape victim, or if they did, falsified medical records for the court, minimizing or neglecting entirely signs of trauma in an attempt to avoid being called to testify.<sup>18</sup>

The treatment that rape victims receive is not always adequate. Many doctors are not trained in specialized treatment or in the methods of collecting evidence. Psychological counselling is not always available at a "time when empathy would go a long way toward abating future mental trauma..."<sup>19</sup> Frequently victims are not informed about methods of avoiding pregnancy and of the need of follow-up medical tests for venereal disease.

Proper training is also lacking for police in this area. Cathleen Schurr and Nancy Gager in Sexual Assault: Confronting Rape in America maintain that one of the greatest gaps in current police methods is the lack of training given to police officers with regard to handling rape victims. Of those that do, the usual procedure is a two or three hour lecture about sex-crime techniques.<sup>20</sup> As a result, many victims receive

insensitive treatment, extensive and unnecessary questioning, and are treated with skepticism, while much needed evidence is lost in the process.

The Metropolitan Washington study concluded that

unless a victim is able to receive positive support from those close to her or from an agency or service designed to provide this support, she may have greater difficulty coping with both the assault and her normal life for a long time.<sup>21</sup>

#### CONVICTIONS

The very nature of the crime, the myths surrounding rape, and the structure of most existing State laws make convictions very difficult to obtain. Of all forcible rapes reported to the authorities, barely one half (51%) resulted in arrest of the assaulter. Of those arrested for forcible rape in 1975, only 58% were prosecuted. Prosecution problems accounted for acquittals and/or dismissals in almost half (46%) of these cases. Forty-two percent of the adults prosecuted were found guilty of the substantive offense, while 12% were convicted of lesser offenses.<sup>22</sup> Babcock, Freeman, Norton and Ross, in Sex Discrimination and the Law: Causes and Remedies, attributed the low prosecution rate to the administration of rape laws, under which

the victim is subject to peculiar pressures, humiliations, and traumatic occurrences in the very process of prosecuting the crime. This occurs because the rape jurisprudence, that is, the case law evidence requirements, the instructions, and the operations of the jury itself, is based on a deeply suspicious view of both the nature of women and sexual intercourse.<sup>23</sup>

DEFINITION

The common law definition of rape serves as the basis for most statutory and case law relating to rape. According to this definition, rape is the unlawful carnal knowledge (penetration however slight) of the victim by the alleged assailant, without the victim's consent.<sup>24</sup> Other forms of sexual assault, such as oral and anal contact and use of objects, are not included in this traditional definition. Under common law, sexual intercourse by a man with his wife, although it may be "against her will," can never constitute rape. Intercourse is considered an inherent right of marriage, and there wives are obligated to submit to their husbands.

CONSENT

In most States the prosecution must prove that the victim did not consent. Her past sexual history can be introduced to show consent, as well as to undermine her credibility. While the woman's past sexual history may be considered admissible evidence, the past behavior of the defendant, even if criminal, is often not considered relevant.

The consent standard is a feature unique to rape prosecution. Rape is the only crime in which the victim has to prove that she did not consent, and did not want -- even subconsciously -- to be raped.<sup>25</sup>

The report of the D.C. Public Safety Committee Task Force on Rape concluded that:

Victorian anachronisms appear to underlie many judicial decisions as well as the verdicts of even the most representative juries. These include the suspicion that a "proper" person should have absorbed substantial physical brutality to evidence lack of consent; that prior sexual experience of any kind is reasonable evidence of possible misconduct or "provocation" on the part of an unmarried victim, that "nice girls don't get raped and bad girls shouldn't complain."<sup>26</sup>

CORROBORATION

Corroboration creates another evidence problem in rape cases. While most States do not require corroborative testimony to bring a case to trial, such evidence is usually needed to get a conviction. Corroboration is any testimony or evidence other than testimony of the victim of the crime. In a rape case, corroborative evidence may include: torn clothing; bruises or injuries; medical evidence and testimony; promptness of complaints to friends, relatives, or police; the presence of semen or blood on clothing of accused and victim; lack of reason to falsify charges; the emotional condition of the victim; evidence of breaking and entering into the victim's home; conduct of the accused when arrested; and the opportunity for accused to commit the crime.<sup>27</sup>

In many cases of sexual assault no corroborative evidence exists. Criminals who intimidate their victims with weapons or threats of harm generally do not leave evidence behind. Women who are embarrassed, scared or perhaps unaware of the procedure may not report the crime immediately. A lack of this evidence, however, often allows the defendant to plead consent.<sup>28</sup>

Judges are required by law in some States, and by tradition in others, to instruct the jury that "rape is an accusation easily to be made and hard to be proved, and harder to be defended by the party accused, tho never so innocent." Known as the Hale instruction, these words of caution date back to the 17th century jurist Lord Chief Justice Matthew Hale. Modern male authorities also assume that many innocent men have been convicted on the basis of false charges by women in spite of the difficulty of getting convictions. Charles Wigmore, considered by many to be the leading modern authority on evidence, justifies these words of warning and the need of corroboration as follows:

. . . Modern psychiatrists have amply studied the behavior of errant young girls and women coming before the courts in all sorts of cases. Their psychic complexes are multifarious, distorted partly by inherent defects, partly by diseased derangements or abnormal instincts, partly by bad social environment, partly by temporary physiological or emotional conditions. One form taken by these complexes is that of contriving false charges of sexual offenses by men. The unchaste (let us call it) mentality finds incidental but direct expression in the narration of imaginary sex incidents of which the narrator is the heroine or the victim. On the surface the narration is straightforward and convincing. The real victim, however, too often in such cases is the innocent man; for the respect and sympathy naturally felt by any tribunal for a wronged female helps to give easy credit to such a plausible tale.

No doubt any judge of a criminal court and any prosecuting attorney can corroborate this with instances from his own observation. But the lamentable thing is that the orthodox rules of evidence in most instances prevent adequate probing of the testimonial mentality of a woman witness, so as to reveal the possible falsity of such charges. Judging merely from the reports of cases in the appellate courts, one must infer that many innocent men have gone to prison because of tales whose falsity could not be exposed. 29

Yet in reality rape is not a charge that is frequently falsely made. Recent New York Sex Squad Analysis Unit statistics indicate that only 3.4% of rape complaints are unfounded, a rate comparable to those for other felonies. When a law enforcement agency receives a complaint of a criminal nature and the investigation that follows discloses that an offense had neither occurred nor was attempted, the complaint is "unfounded." The FBI reports that 15% of reported rapes nationwide are unfounded. These statistics do not differentiate, however, between false accusations and unprosecutable rapes, that is, between cases where women actually lied about an alleged attack and those where the police could not establish a case.<sup>30</sup>

WHAT OTHERS HAVE DONE

A. As a result of attention focused on sexual assault by the women's movement, beginning in 1971 and 1972 groups were formed to deal directly with the issue through rape crisis centers.<sup>31</sup> These centers started in large cities and university towns, places where large groups of young women lived and worked. By 1972, there were rape prevention centers in D.C., Berkeley, Los Angeles, Detroit, Denver, Philadelphia, Seattle and several other cities. Today there are hundreds of centers and projects across the country offering a range of services. Some centers are run by volunteers, some by paid staff and volunteers, others by nurses and social workers. Some are located in women's centers, YWCAs, hospitals and private homes.

Rape crisis centers for the most part offer peer group counseling, information and referrals, and companion service for the victim through the hospital, police and court procedure. Many centers offer public education on rape in the form of speakers and printed material. Others offer community workshops, self-defense classes and training for police officers. Many centers have published their own guide for victims of rape, which describes what to expect from the police, hospitals, and prosecutor's office and what facilities and options are available. Staff members also serve as an action group to change community laws. A list of rape crisis centers and task forces with notations about specific programs is included in the appendix.

B. New York City had an all-female Sex Crimes Mobile Unit, set up by the police department with the help of local women's organizations, as part of the special Sex Crimes Analysis Unit, and headed by and mainly staffed by police women. The mobile unit traveled to different neighborhoods with rape prevention demonstrations and information. The program was discontinued this year because of the city financial crisis.

The Sex Crimes Analysis Unit still maintains a 24-hour telephone service (special police reporting number) staffed mainly with women officers. The program was started in 1973 in response to a 37% rise in rapes over a two year period. This unit is responsible for a case

from the initial report to the police through the final court process. The unit also trains other police officers in the area of sex crimes investigation. Lt. Mary Keefe notes that after the training session complaints of insensitive treatment decreased considerably.<sup>32</sup>

C. Milwaukee has a Witness Support Anti-Rape Unit funded through the District Attorney's office. The unit provides emotional support and counseling even if the victim decides not to prosecute.

D. A Women's Transit Authority (WTA) has been established in Madison, Wisconsin. It provides free women-only taxi services throughout the Madison area from 7 p.m. until 2 a.m. A volunteer collective raises money for operation costs. The program also receives funds from the city, the University of Wisconsin, and student government.

E. The Rape Crisis Center in Lincoln, Nebraska has made a tape on what to do if you are raped. It contains information about the law, self-defense and what to expect from the police, hospital and courts. They have used this tape as a way of informing people who live in the rural areas of their State.

F. Some hospitals use rape examination kits to facilitate gathering evidence from the victim. Denver General Hospital has organized one such kit. Information about this kit can be obtained by contacting: Denver General Hospital, 8th and Cherokee, Denver, CO 80204, Att: Jean Diamond. Phone: 303-388-0834.

G. Some feminist groups have picketed the homes of known rapists with signs such as "John \_\_\_\_\_ is a rapist."

#### EXAMPLES OF LEGAL CHANGES

A. To encourage reporting and prosecution, Wisconsin and Michigan have changed their sexual assault laws. Severe penalties, such as death or life imprisonment, have prevented juries from convicting assailants for rape. Since the establishment of the Model Penal Code

in 1962, all authoritative proposals for revision have included graduated degrees of sexual assault and a differentiated scale of punishment. The National Commission on Reform of Federal Criminal Laws has recommended repeal of the death penalty for rape.

The Wisconsin law, for example, defines four degrees of sexual assault. Its focus is on the degree of force used by the assailant and the amount of harm imposed on the victim, rather than on the resistance the victim showed. For example, rape committed through inflicting real bodily harm on the victim -- including pregnancy -- constitutes first degree assault, and is punishable by a maximum fine of \$15,000 and/or maximum imprisonment of 15 years.<sup>33</sup>

In Michigan the definition of sexual intercourse has been expanded to include intrusion, however slight, of a person's genital or anal opening by any object or part of another person's body. Cunnilingus and fellatio are also included under this expanded definition. The law is sexually neutral. The burden of non-consent is removed, and corroboration is not required. The victim may not be cross-examined about her "chastity" and sexual reputation except under restricted circumstances. Such evidence is admitted in Michigan only if it establishes previous sexual activity with the defendant or sexual activity showing the origin of disease or pregnancy. Wisconsin law defines consent to mean words or overt actions by a person which indicated a freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse. The Michigan law expands the definition of force and coercion to include threats of future retaliation against the victims or others, as well as immediate threats of injury.

B. California law prohibits the use of the Hale instruction.

C. In Wisconsin, an individual can be prosecuted for sexual assault by his/her spouse if they are living separately and one of them has filed for annulment, legal separation, or divorce. Iowa recently enacted a law removing the separation proceedings requirement. A man can be charged with raping his wife if they are living separately, and the act is done with force and against her will.

## Footnotes

- 1  
Menachim Amir, Patterns in Forcible Rape (Chicago and London: University of Chicago Press, 1971), p. 142.
- 2  
Charles Hayman, William Stuart, Frances Lewis, Murray Grant, "Sexual Assault on Women and Children in the District of Columbia," Sexual Behavior (December 1968), p. 1025.
- 3  
Ibid.
- 4  
New York Sex Crimes Analysis Unit, New York, New York, statistics compiled over a 6-month period in 1975.
- 5  
Rape Awareness Public Education Program, statistics compiled from Rape Treatment Center at Jackson Memorial Hospital, Miami, Florida, information sheet, 1975.
- 6  
Amir, pp. 144-45, 336.
- 7  
Ibid., p. 139.
- 8  
Andra Medea and Kathleen Thompson, Against Rape (New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 1974), p. 136.
- 9  
Amir, p. 155.
- 10  
Molly Haskill, "The 2,000 Year Old Misunderstanding: Rape Fantasy," Ms. (November 1976), p. 85.
- 11  
United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Crime in the United States, Uniform Crime Reports, 1975 (Washington D.C.: U.S. Printing Office, 1976).

12

Ibid., pp. 22-23.

13

Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments, The Treatment of Rape Victims in the Metropolitan Washington Area (September 1976) p. 4.

Subcommittee of District of Columbia City Council, Report of the District of Columbia Task Force on Rape, (July 1973) p. 3.

14

Metropolitan Council of Governments, p. 7.

15

U.S. Department of Justice, Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, Rape and its Victims: A Report for Citizens, Health Facilities, and Criminal Justice Agencies, prepared by the Center for Women Policy Studies, November 1975, p. 1.

16

Queen's Bench Foundation, Rape: Victimization Study, (San Francisco, 1975), p. 3.

17

U.S. Department of Justice, LEAA, p. 55.

18

D.C. Task Force on Rape, 1973, p. 16.

19

Ibid., p. 17.

20

Nancy Gager and Cathleen Schurr, Sexual Assault: Confronting Rape in America (New York: Grossett and Dunlap, 1976), p. 66.

21

Metropolitan Council of Governments, p. 7.

22

U.S. Department of Justice, FBI, p. 24.

23

Barbara Babcock, Ann Freedman, Eleanor Norton, Susan Ross, Sex Discrimination and the Law: Causes and Remedies (Boston: Little, Brown and Company, 1975) p. 823.

24

Ibid., p. 826.

25

Mary Ann Largen, Testimony before the Criminal Justice Subcommittee of the House Judiciary Committee, July 1976.

26

D.C. Task Force on Rape, 1973, p. 6.

27

Allison v. U.S. (1969) by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia as cited in Gager and Schurr, p. 143.

28

Gager and Schurr, p. 144.

29

Wigmore, Evidence, sec. 924a (Chadburn, rev. 1970) as cited in Babcock, Freedman, Norton, and Ross, p. 856.

30

New York Police Sex Squad Analysis Unit.  
FBI, p. 10.

31

Mary Ann Largen, "History of Women's Movement in Changing Attitudes, Laws, and Treatment Toward Rape Victims," in Marcia Walker and Stanley Brodsky's Sexual Assault: The Victim and the Rapist (Lexington, MA: Lexington Books, D.C. Heath and Co. 1976), pp. 60-73.

32

Mary L. Keefe and Harry T. O'Reilly, "Changing Perspectives in Sex Crime Investigation," in Walker and Brodsky, pp. 161-167.

33

Copies of the Wisconsin law can be obtained by contacting:

Dane County Project on Rape  
120 West Mifflin Street  
Madison, Wisconsin 53703  
608-251-5440  
14¢ per copy to cover postage and copying

Copies of the Michigan law can be obtained by contacting:

Assault Crisis Center  
561 North Hewitt  
Ypsilanti, Michigan 48197  
313-434-9881  
single copies are free

Included in the list of speakers are people who are very familiar with these laws and are willing to speak on legal reform.

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\*  
\* PUBLICATIONS \*  
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The publications listed below represent a cross-section of the material available on rape. Many rape centers and task forces have published their own pamphlets on the subject which are available free or at a minimal cost.

BOOKS:

Brodsky, Stanley, and Walker, Marcia. Sexual Assault: The Victim and the Rapist. Lexington, Massachusetts: D.C. Heath and Company, 1976.

This excellent anthology contains articles written from presentations given at the 1975 National Conference, Rape: Research, Action, Prevention. The book contains articles on various aspects of sexual assault.

Amir, Menachim. Patterns in Forcible Rape. Chicago and London: University of Chicago Press, 1971.

Sociological study on the nature of rape and rapists. Amir analyzed data from 646 cases of forcible rape reported to the police in Philadelphia for the years 1958 and 1960. The victims were from all age groups. It is an often-cited work that looks at the characteristics of the crime as opposed to the psychology of the criminal.

Astor, Gerald. The Charge is Rape. New York: Playboy Press, 1974.

Babcock, Barbara; Freedman, Ann; Norton, Eleanor; Ross, Susan. Sex Discrimination and the Law: Causes and Remedies. Boston: Little, Brown and Company, 1975. (pp. 819-877)

Boston Women's Health Book Collective. Our Bodies, Our-Selves. New York: Simon and Schuster, 1976. (chapter seven)

Brownmiller, Susan. Against Our Will: Men, Women and Rape. New York: Bantam Books, 1976. \$2.75, paperback

Burgess, Ann Wolbert and Holmstrom, Lynda Lytle. Rape: Victims of Crisis. Bowie, Maryland: Robert J. Brady Company, 1974. \$6.95, paperback.

Book grew out of authors' experience in the Victim Counseling Program at Boston City Hospital. It is a guidebook for victim and family counseling.

Connell, Noreen and Wilson, Cassandra, eds. Rape: The First Sourcebook for Women. New York: Plume Books, New American Library, 1974. \$3.95, paperback.

This book contains summaries of consciousness raising sessions, papers delivered at the N.Y. Radical Feminist Rape Conference, and several reprints of interviews on rape. It deals with various aspects of rape.

Csida, June Bundy and Csida, Joseph. Rape, How to Avoid It and What to Do About It If You Can't. California: Books for Better Living, 1974. \$1.50, paperback.

Introduction to the subject of rape. Discusses various rape projects, the history of the anti-rape movement, the major problems of victims, and the myth vs. reality of rape.

Gager, Nancy and Schurr, Cathleen. Sexual Assault: Confronting Rape in America. New York: Grossett and Dunlap, 1976. \$4.95, paperback.

Excellent work, well-written and very informative. The authors discuss various aspects of sexual assault; dealing with the police, the medical complex, the courts, the law, etc. They also give basic information about rape, child sexual abuse and what is being done in the field.

Hilberman, Elaine, M.D. The Rape Victim. New York: Basic Books, Inc., 1976.

Concise, informative book, gives good overview of the problem.

Hayman, Charles R; Stewart, William F.; Lewis, Frances; Grant, Murray. "Sexual Assault on Women and Children in the District of Columbia." Sexual Behavior 83:12 (December 1968) pp. 1021-1028.

Study conducted from September 15, 1965 through September 14, 1966 of 944 complaints of alleged sexual assault in the District of Columbia. Statistics are tabulated by age groups.

Horos, Carol. Rape. New Cannan, Connecticut: Tobely Publishing Company, Inc. 1974. \$2.95, paperback.

This book deals mainly with rape prevention and self defense tactics but also briefly goes into the myths surrounding rape. Contains a section on how to start a rape crisis center and a list by the Center for Women Policy Studies of some of the U.S. rape crisis centers.

Hyde, Margaret O. Speak Out On Rape! New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1976.

MacDonald, John. Rape: Offenders and Their Victims. Springfield, Illinois: Charles C. Thomas Press, 1971.

MacKellar, Jean with the collaboration of Dr. Menachim Amir. Rape: The Bait and the Trap. New York: Crown Publishers, Inc., 1975.

Medea, Andra and Thompson, Kathleen. Against Rape. New York: Farrar, Straus and Giroux, 1974. \$2.25 paperback.

The subtitle best describes this book, "a survival manual for women: how to cope with rape physically and emotionally." The work covers all aspects of rape. It also contains a bibliography and list of rape crisis centers in the United States. The rape victims they surveyed from 1972-1973 ranged in age from seven to thirty-nine years old. The questionnaires were published in several underground papers and distributed at various rape conferences. The sample was mostly white and middle-class in norm.

Russell, Diana E.H. The Politics of Rape: The Victim's Perspective. New York: Stein and Day, 1975. \$3.95, paperback.

Schultz, LeRoy G., ed. Rape Victimology. Springfield, Ill.: Charles C. Thomas, 1975.

Collection of various articles on the subject (medical, legal aspects, etc.).

United States Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation. Crime in the United States, Uniform Crime Reports, 1975. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Printing Office, 1976.

REPORTS, PAMPHLETS, AND ARTICLES:

Burgess, Ann Wolbert, and Holmstrom, Lynda Lytle, Ph.D. "Coping Behavior of the Rape Victim," American Journal of Psychiatry 133:4 (April 1976) pp. 413-417.

Center for Women Policy Studies, Rape Bibliography (1974).

A very detailed bibliography as of 1974. Individual copies can be obtained by writing the Center for Women Policy Studies, 2000 P Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036.

Response To Intrafamily Violence and Sexual Assault, Newsletter. Copies can be obtained by writing the Center for Women Policy Studies.

D.C. Rape Crisis Center. How To Start A Rape Crisis Center, \$3.50, Rape Prevention Tactics, \$1.00.

D.C. Rape Crisis Center  
P.O. Box 21005  
Washington, D.C. 20009

Feminist Alliance Against Rape (FAAR). Bi-monthly newsletter. Subscriptions are \$5.00 for individuals per year, \$10.00 for institutions.

FAAR  
Box 21033  
Washington, D.C. 20009

Griffin, Susan. "Rape: The All-American Crime," Ramparts Magazine, 10 (September 1971), pp. 26-35.

Haskell, Molly, "The 2,000 Year Old Misunderstanding: Rape Fantasy," Ms. (November 1976) p. 84-

Maryland Commission on the Status of Women. Guidelines Re: Sexual Assault, October 1, 1975. Copies can be obtained by contacting the Maryland Commission on the Status of Women, 1100 N. Eutaw Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21201, 301-383-5608.

Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments. The Treatment of Rape Victims in the Metropolitan Washington Area, September 1976. \$2.00.

Comprehensive work includes the response of police, legal system, and medical system to victims. Write or contact:

Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments  
1225 Conn. Avenue, N.W., Suite 201  
Washington, D.C. 20036  
Attention: Information Center  
202-223-6800

Metro's Rape Awareness Public Education Program.  
Rape Awareness Precautions and Tactics to Avoid Rape, pamphlet.

Rape Awareness  
Revitco Building  
140 West Flagler Street  
Miami, Florida 33130  
305-579-5416

Muriel Solomon, director of Rape Awareness, has compiled numerous fact sheets that are very useful, such as: "Sexual Assault: Guidelines for Professionals," "Sexual Assault: Guidelines for Teenagers," "Fact Sheet on the Sexually Abused Child." Rape Awareness has some material in Spanish. Copies of these can be obtained by writing Rape Awareness.

New York Chapter of N.O.W., New York Rape Prevention Packet, \$6.00. New York N.O.W Chapter  
47 East 16th Street  
New York, New York 10003  
212-674-8950/655-0877

Queen's Bench Foundation. Rape Victimization Study, Preliminary Research Findings and Recommendations, January 1, 1975. Rape Prevention and Resistance, 1976. How to Get From Here: A Planning Guide for Citizen's Rape Response Programs, 1976.

Comprehensive work on the subject. Copies can be obtained free by writing or calling Queen's Bench Foundation.  
244 Market Street, Suite 210  
San Francisco, California 94111  
415-982-3910

Washington, D.C. City Council, Public Safety Committee Task Force on Rape. Report. July 9, 1973. Free copies can be obtained by writing the D.C. City Council.  
City Hall, Room 507  
14th and E Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20004  
202-724-8050

Washington, D.C. City Council, subcommittee. Report and Proposals Regarding Rape and Rape Victims in the District of Columbia, December 16, 1974. Write to address listed above for free copies.

Women's Crisis Center, Ann Arbor, Michigan. How To Organize a Women's Crisis Center, 1974. \$2.00 single copies, \$1.50 bulk rate for five or more. Counselor's Training Manual, \$1.00. Write: Women's Crisis Center  
P.O. Box 413  
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106

Philadelphia Women Organized Against Rape (WOAR). Training Packet, \$5.00. Includes: Medical and Legal Handbook, Booklet for Victims of Sexual Assault, bibliography, data on rape, guidelines for telephone counseling, rape prevention and self defense information. Write:

Women Organized Against Rape  
Room 205  
PGH Nurses Residence  
700 Civic Center Blvd.  
Philadelphia, PA. 19104

U.S. Department of Justice, Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. Rape and Its Victims: A Report for Citizens, Health Facilities, and Criminal Justice Agencies, prepared by the Center for Women Policy Studies, 1975.

Free individual copies can be obtained through the U.S. Department of Justice or purchased at the Government Printing Office for \$4.10.

"Rape I" and "Rape II," Women's Rights Law Reporter Vol. III, Nos. 2 and 3. Order from Women's Rights Law Reporter, 180 University Ave., Newark, NJ 07102.

Gelanda Bato  
3802 Wilson Avenue  
Bronx, New York 10468  
212-655-0877

Coordinator of the Rape Prevention Committee for New York NOW Chapter; founding member of the Mayor's Task Force on Rape in New York, and founding member of the Women's Anti-Rape Coalition. Bato has organized training programs for police, medical staff, and center counselors. Willing to speak for expenses plus honorarium; can speak on all aspects of sexual assault. Very interested in the social training of women and how to dispel rape myths.

Dr. Pauline B. Bart  
Dept. of Psychiatry  
Abraham Lincoln School  
of Medicine  
University of Illinois  
Chicago, Ill. 60680  
312-996-7307 (work)  
can be reached in  
March at 617-492-5017,  
105 Pleasant St.  
Cambridge, MA 02139

Associate professor of Sociology in Psychiatry at College of Medicine at the University of Illinois. Has researched the effects of rape on women; interested in the sociological perspective. Bart has written extensively on women and health. Willing to speak for expenses plus honorarium (negotiable).



\*\*\*\*\*  
\* SPEAKERS \*  
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Marta Segovia Ashley  
240 Alma Street  
San Francisco, CA 94117  
415-665-3466

Has been very active in the anti-rape movement since 1973; founder of La Casa de las Madres (refuge for battered women); worked on a tape on the attitudes toward rape victims in the Latin culture. Willing to speak on various aspects of rape and on rape and the Latin woman for expenses plus honorarium (negotiable).

Yolanda Bako  
3002 Wilson Avenue  
Bronx, New York 10469  
212-655-0877

Coordinator of the Rape Prevention Committee for New York NOW Chapter; founding member of the Mayor's Task Force on Rape in New York, and founding member of the Women's Anti-Rape Coalition. Bako has organized training programs for police, medical staff, and center counselors. Willing to speak for expenses plus honorarium; can speak on all aspects of sexual assault. Very interested in the social training of women and how to dispel rape myths.

Dr. Pauline B. Bart  
Dept. of Psychiatry  
Abraham Lincoln School  
of Medicine  
University of Illinois  
Chicago, Ill. 60680  
312-996-7302 (work)  
can be reached in  
March at 617-492-5017,  
105 Pleasant St.  
Cambridge, MA 02139

Associate professor of Sociology in Psychiatry at College of Medicine at the University of Illinois. Has researched the effects of rape on women; interested in the sociological perspective. Bart has written extensively on women and health. Willing to speak for expenses plus honorarium (negotiable).

Speakers

-2-

Jan BenDor  
2820 Stommel  
Ypsilanti, Michigan 48197  
313-994-1120 (home)  
224-5747 (work)  
761-9475 (work)

Initiated the Michigan Women's Task Force on Rape (a statewide coalition which drafted and lobbied into law a comprehensive reform of statutes on rape and sexual assault). Joint author of Freedom From Rape (an early public information publication on rape). Ms. BenDor has been very active in the anti-rape movement. Willing to speak on how to organize a rape crisis center, victim assistance, legal aspects and training the police, for expenses plus honorarium (negotiable).

Judge Patricia Boyle  
1441 St. Antoine, Court Rm. 504  
Detroit, Michigan 48226  
313-224-5531

Former Associate U.S. Attorney and Associate U.S. Prosecutor. Judge Boyle testified on rape legislation at the House Judiciary Committee hearings. She is willing to speak on the legal aspects for expenses only.

Roxanne Barton Conlin  
6116 Southwest 48th Avenue  
Des Moines, Iowa 50321  
515-285-0962

Former Assistant Attorney General of Iowa. Ms. Conlin is very familiar with the Iowa Sexual Assault law. Will speak for expenses plus an honorarium.

Dane County Project on Rape  
120 W. Mifflin Street  
Madison, Wisconsin 53703  
608-251-5440

Willing to provide speakers able to discuss the Wisconsin Sexual Assault law for expenses plus donation.

Emily Ann Day  
9635 White Acre Road #A4  
Columbia, Maryland 21045  
202-546-1134  
301-596-4712

Former executive director of the Women's Medical Center of Washington, D.C.; presently a family and sex therapist. She has lectured and organized workshops on rape. Willing to speak on counseling rape victims for expenses plus honorarium.

Speakers

-3-

Nancy Gager  
5857 Marbury Road  
Bethesda, Maryland 20034

Professional writer and editor;  
co-author of Sexual Assault:  
Confronting Rape in America  
(1976); editor of the Women's  
Rights Almanac. Willing to  
speak on all aspects of sexual  
assault for expenses plus hon-  
orarium.

Dr. A. Nicholas Groth  
Lakeside Beach  
Webster, Mass. 01570  
617-969-0100 ext. 4258  
or  
State of Connecticut  
Whiting Forensic Institute  
Middletown, Connecticut  
06457  
203-347-5651

Dr. Groth is a clinical  
psychologist. He has written  
articles on sexual assault and  
is preparing a manuscript with  
Dr. Burgess on Sexual Assault:  
Diagnosis and Treatment of Victim  
and Offender. Willing to speak  
on the sex offender. Honorarium  
is preferred, but depending on  
schedule, is willing to speak for  
expenses only.

Dr. Lynda Lytle Holmstrom  
Associate Professor of  
Sociology  
Department of Sociology  
Boston College  
Chestnut Hill, Mass.  
02167  
617-969-0100 X 4048

Co-author of Rape: Victims of  
Crisis. Dr. Holmstrom has a new  
book coming out soon entitled  
Rape: The Victim Goes to Court.  
Willing to speak on victims and  
the court for expenses plus  
honorarium (negotiable).

Lt. Mary Keefe  
440 East 23rd Street  
Apt. 10-G  
New York, New York 10100  
212-673-3488

Commanding officer of the New  
York Sex Crimes Analysis Unit  
of the N.Y. Police Department  
from 1973-1976. She was respon-  
sible for the development of  
this unit which has served as a  
nationwide model. Lt. Keefe  
has appeared as a panelist and  
speaker on the subject of sexual  
assault and the treatment of  
victims of sex crimes. Willing  
to speak about police investigation  
of sex crimes and what the police  
have done in this field, for  
expenses plus honorarium (nego-  
tiable).

Speakers

-4-

Mary Ann Largen  
955 S. Columbus Street  
Apt. 402  
Arlington, Virginia 22204  
703-671-1043

Coordinator of the N.O.W. National Rape Task Force from 1973-1976; executive appointee as a consultant to the National Center for the Prevention and Control of Rape. Ms. Largen has lectured extensively and is known nationally as an authority on rape. She is willing to speak on any topic related to rape for expenses plus honorarium.

Linda Norlin-Dalton  
410 Manzanita  
Corte Madera, California  
94924  
415-924-6871

Worked at the Queens Bench Foundation Project on Rape Response. Ms. Norlin-Dalton has researched and lectured extensively on the subject and is willing to speak on all aspects of sexual assault for expenses plus honorarium.

Sandy Silver (wo)man  
Alyce McAdam  
1551 Whitman Court  
Sarasota, Florida 33580  
813-758-6195

National Rape Task Force Coordinators for N.O.W. Willing to speak on all aspects of sexual assault for expenses plus honorarium.

Elizabethann O'Sullivan  
Assistant Professor  
Center for Public Affairs  
Arizona State University  
Tempe, Arizona 85281  
602-965-3926

Good resource person. Ms. O'Sullivan is knowledgeable about different types of sexual assault programs. Willing to speak on community programs on rape, public education and an overview of the problem for expenses only.

Dr. Diana E.H. Russell  
Division of Social Science  
Mills College  
Oakland, California 94613  
415-632-2700 ext. 305

Associate Professor of Sociology at Mills College; author of Politics of Rape: The Victim's Perspective and a new book to be released, Crimes Against Women. Dr. Russell was one of the organizers of the International Tribunal on Crimes Against Women. She is willing to speak on "Rape and the Masculine Mystique;" "Why Rape," and the sociological perspectives of rape, for expenses plus honorarium.

Speakers

-5-

Cathleen Schurr  
6808 Brennon Lane  
Chevy Chase, Maryland  
20015  
301-654-5981  
or  
P.O. Box 38  
Millville, Delaware  
19967  
302-539-3240

Ms. Schurr is a professional writer and co-author of Sexual Assault: Confronting Rape in America. She wrote a series of pioneer articles on rape and has done extensive speaking and consultant work in the field. She is willing to speak on all aspects of sexual assault for expenses plus honorarium.

Diana Scully  
Department of Sociology  
and Anthropology  
Virginia Commonwealth  
University  
820 West Franklin  
Richmond, Virginia 23220  
804-770-6826 or 28

Ms. Scully has been actively involved in the anti-rape movement since 1973. She has appeared on radio and TV discussing the problem. Ms. Scully is willing to speak on the myths surrounding rape, and the rape victim, for expenses plus honorarium (depending on the group).

Muriel Solomon  
Director  
Rape Awareness  
Revitco Building  
Room 1505  
140 West Flagler St.  
Miami, Florida 33130  
305-579-5416

Director of Rape Awareness, an educational arm of the rape network in Miami; former newspaper columnist and executive director of the Dade County Commission on the Status of Women (1972-1974). Ms. Solomon has done extensive research in the field. She is willing to speak on all aspects of rape for expenses plus honorarium.

Barbara Ulichny  
2934 North Farwell  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin  
53211  
414-962-2865 (home)  
414-271-1030

Coordinator of the Wisconsin Task Force on Rape; chairperson of the Sexual Assault Treatment Center of Greater Milwaukee advisory council; and vice-chair of the Wisconsin Civil Liberties Union. Ms. Ulichny is very familiar with the Wisconsin Sexual Assault law and is willing to speak for expenses plus a donation.

Speakers

Phyllis West  
11120 Arroyo Drive  
Rockville, Maryland 20852  
301-897-8920  
833-9840

Ms. West is chair of the Montgomery County N.O.W. Rape Task Force, and is now doing consultant work for the National Institute of Mental Health, Center for the Prevention and Control of Rape. She is willing to speak on all aspects of sexual assault, especially self-defense, myths, and model legislation, for expenses plus honorarium (negotiable).

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\*  
\* RESOURCE PEOPLE \*  
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These people are very knowledgeable in this field and are willing to provide additional information and suggestions.

Ms. Leigh Bienen Former research attorney for Philadelphia Center for Rape Concern; presently an associate professor of law at the University of California; has done extensive research on sexual assault legislation.  
Boalt Hall  
School of Law  
University of California  
Berkeley, California 94720  
415-642-5489 (office)  
642-0921 (office)

Dr. Geraldine Boozer Director of the Sex Offender Rehabilitation Program; has worked on TV documentaries and workshops on the subject.  
Sex Offender Rehabilitation Program  
South Florida State Hospital  
Hollywood, Florida 33023  
305-625-0401  
or  
3419 Acapulco Drive  
Miramar, Florida 33023  
305-961-5582

Dr. Ann Wolbert Burgess Dr. Burgess is a psychiatric nurse, author of numerous articles, and co-author of Rape: Victims of Crisis (1974). She is an excellent resource person willing to put interested people in touch with speakers on the subject of sexual assault and provide additional information.  
Professor of Nursing  
Boston College  
Department of Nursing  
Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts 02167  
617-969-0100 x 4528

National Center for the Prevention and Control of Rape The center has responsibility to develop, implement and evaluate models of mental health and related services for rape victims, their families and offenders. The center encourages research  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20852  
301-443-1910  
contact: Elizabeth Kutzke

Speakers

Phyllis West  
11120 Arroyo Drive  
Rockville, Maryland 20852  
301-897-8920  
833-9840

Ms. West is chair of the Montgomery County N.O.W. Rape Task Force, and is now doing consultant work for the National Institute of Mental Health, Center for the Prevention and Control of Rape. She is willing to speak on all aspects of sexual assault, especially self-defense, myths, and model legislation, for expenses plus honorarium (negotiable).

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Ms. Leigh Bienen                      Former research attorney for  
Boalt Hall                              Philadelphia Center for Rape  
School of Law                            Concern; presently an asso-  
University of California                ciate professor of law at the  
Berkeley, California 94720            University of California; has  
415-642-5489 (office)                   done extensive research on  
642-0921 (office)                        sexual assault legislation.

Dr. Geraldine Boozer                  Director of the Sex Offender  
Sex Offender Rehabili-                Rehabilitation Program; has  
tation Program                           worked on TV documentaries  
South Florida State Hospi-            and workshops on the subject.  
tal

Hollywood, Florida 33023  
305-625-0401

or  
3419 Acapulco Drive  
Miramar, Florida 33023  
305-961-5582

Dr. Ann Wolbert Burgess  
Professor of Nursing  
Boston College  
Department of Nursing  
Chestnut Hill, Massachusetts  
02167  
617-969-0100 x 4528

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5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, Maryland 20852  
301-443-1910  
contact: Elizabeth Kutzke

The center has responsibility to develop, implement and evaluate models of mental health and related services for rape victims, their families and offenders. The center encourages research

Resource People

Information about research project grants:

Grants and Contracts Management Branch  
National Institute of Mental Health  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, MD 20852

Marie Galatas  
4812 Francis Drive  
New Orleans, Louisiana  
504-246-0018 (home)  
or  
1610 Basin Street  
New Orleans, Louisiana  
504-522-2244 (work)

on various aspects of rape, and through this research will develop and provide public information and training materials designed to prevent and treat problems associated with rape.

President of the Grassroots Organization for Women; has been active in the field of rape since 1974; writes a column on rape every two weeks in a Louisiana weekly newspaper; has a monthly talk show on rape (WNNR Radio); has been involved in the city rape council.

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* RAPE CRISIS CENTERS AND TASK FORCES \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

The following is a list of some of the rape centers and task forces in the United States. This list is by no means comprehensive but does offer a cross-section and brief description of some of the anti-rape projects now in existence.

ALABAMA

Mobile Rape Crisis Center      24 hour hot line, speaker's  
P.O. Box 1524                      bureau, counselors avail-  
Mobile, AL 36601                   able  
205-473-7273  
contact: Shannon Perryman

HELP-A-Crisis                      general crisis line,  
Mental Health Center              handles rape cases  
1616 Mount Meigs Road  
Montgomery, AL 36107  
205-265-9576  
contact: Ethel Smith

ALASKA

Suicide Prevention and              24 hour hot line,  
Crisis Center                      does rape counseling  
327 Eagle Street  
c/o Health Center  
Anchorage, AK 99510  
907-277-0222  
contact: Jim Smith

ARIZONA

Center Against Sexual              24 hour hot line, counseling;  
Assault (CASA)                      companion service to hospi-  
Box 3786                              tal, police department, and  
Phoenix, AZ 85030                   through court procedures;  
602-257-8095                          speaker's bureau, and  
contact: Sandra Manring              newsletter

Crisis Centers

-2-

ARIZONA

Tucson Rape Crisis Center / 24 hour hot line, at present time part of the women's center, speaker's bureau  
646 South 6th Avenue  
Tucson, AZ 85701  
602-792-1929

ARKANSAS

Rape Crisis, Inc. 24 hour answering service, counselors on call, speaker's bureau  
P.O. Box 5181  
Hillcrest Station  
Little Rock, AR 72205  
501-375-5181  
contact: Jean Ann Moles

CALIFORNIA

Bay Area Women Against Rape 24 hour hot line, counseling, rap groups, speakers and community education, police training  
P.O. Box 240  
Berkeley, CA 94701  
415-845-RAPE  
contact: Laurie Funaroff

Rape Emergency Assistance 24 hour answering service with person on call; speakers; companion service to hospital, police department, court; re-organizing center at this point  
League (REAL)  
P.O. Box 468  
El Cajon, CA 92020  
714-466-RAPE  
contact: Maxine Scott

Women Against Sexual Abuse telephone counseling  
(WASA)  
Box 8200  
Long Beach, CA 90808  
213-868-3783  
contact: Betty Brooks  
office located at  
5510 Clark Ave., Suite 226  
Lakewood, CA 90712

East Los Angeles Hot Line bilingual 24 hour hot line, only one in area, offers transportation for victim, companion service; speakers and workshops, in the process of putting together rape information in Spanish  
% Eastside Multi-Service Ctr.  
3626 East 5th Street  
Los Angeles, CA 90063  
213-262-0944  
contact: Diane Muniz

CALIFORNIA

<p>Los Angeles Commission on Assaults Against Women  P.O. Box 145  Venice, CA 90291  213-938-2317 (center)  213-677-8116 (hot line)  contact: Valeria Nordsterom</p>	<p>24 hour hot line, short term counseling for victims and family, speakers and community education, self-defense courses, working on legislative reform</p>
<p>Los Angeles Rape Alliance  information can be obtained through Los Angeles Commission on Assaults Against Women (address above)</p>	<p>network of Los Angeles rape centers</p>
<p>Sacramento Women Against Rape  1230 H Street  Sacramento, CA 95814  916-447-RAPE  contact: Katherine Guzman</p>	<p>counseling, community education, self-defense course, companion service</p>
<p>Queens Bench Foundation  244 California Street  Suite 210  San Francisco, CA 94111  415-982-3910  contact: Linda Critchlow  Linda Norlin-Dalton</p>	<p>on LEAA grant to research all aspects of sexual assault, material can be obtained by contacting Foundation</p>
<p>San Jose Women Against Rape  c/o YWCA  375 South 3rd Street  San Jose, CA 95112  408-295-4011  contact: Pat Nava</p>	<p>24 hour hot line (crisis center), County task force on rape, involved with education programs and changing legislation</p>
<p>Santa Barbara Rape Crisis Ctr.  1220 Santa Barbara Street  Santa Barbara, CA 93101  805-963-1696 (hot line)  805-962-5777 (office 10-4 p.m.)  contact: M. Jordon</p>	<p>24 hour hot line, provides emotional support and speakers</p>

Crisis Centers

-4-

COLORADO

Rape Crisis Service  
Health Association  
Box 4438  
Colorado Springs, CO 80830  
303-471-HELP  
contact: Arlene Wood

counseling, companion  
service, referral service

York Street Center  
1632 York Street  
Denver, CO 80206  
303-388-0834  
303-321-3191 (hot line)  
contact: Dr. Katherine  
Saltzman

24 hour service (8-5 staff,  
evenings and weekends vol-  
unteers), general crisis  
intervention and support  
(battered women, rape, etc.),  
companion service, education,  
referrals

Pueblo Rape Crisis Center  
509 Colorado Avenue  
Suite G  
Pueblo, CO 81004  
303-545-RAPE (crisis line)  
303-545-8271 (business)  
contact: Carole Morgan

24 hour hot line, counsel-  
ing, research, companion  
service, education

CONNECTICUT

Bridgeport Against Rape  
YWCA  
1862 East Main Street  
Bridgeport, CT  
203-333-2233 (hot line)

24 hour answering service  
with volunteer backup

Rape Crisis Center  
P.O. Box 512  
Milford, CT 06460  
203-878-1212  
contact: Nancy Vinci

24 hour answering service  
with people on call

New Haven Rape Crisis Ctr.  
3438 Yale Station  
P.O. Box 3438  
New Haven, CT  
203-397-2273  
contact: Cookie Polan

CONNECTICUT

Rape Crisis Service  
of Capitol Region  
c/o YWCA  
135 Broad Street  
Hartford, CT 06105  
203-522-6666  
contact: Tina Borders

24 hour hot line, offers  
medical and legal informa-  
tion and emotional sup-  
port, speakers available,  
research group, trying to  
start a battered woman's  
center, has some litera-  
ture available in Spanish

University of Connecticut  
Rape Crisis Center  
c/o Women's Center  
27 Whitney Road  
Storrs, CT 06268  
contact: Sue Menzel, Cindy  
Roy, Karen Watman, P. Drake

24 hour hot line, collec-  
tive of women's center,  
companion service, commu-  
nity education

DELAWARE

Rape Crisis Center of  
Wilmington  
P.O. Box 1507  
Wilmington, DE 19899  
302-658-5011  
contact: Barbara Linehan

speaker's bureau, newsletter

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

D.C. Rape Crisis Center  
P.O. Box 21005  
Washington, D.C. 20009  
202-333-RAPE

one of the original rape  
crisis centers in the coun-  
try, serves as a national  
clearinghouse for informa-  
tion on rape crisis services,  
public education (speakers,  
research), group counsel-  
ing, telephone counseling

Women's Medical Center of  
Washington, D.C.  
1712 I St., N.W., Suite 704  
Washington, D.C. 20006  
202-298-9227  
contact: Jo Taffer

community education, train  
police, intervention,  
medical care, consultants  
available to assist in the  
development of Rape Crisis  
Centers

Crisis Centers

-6-

FLORIDA

Rape Information and Counseling Service  
P.O. Box 12367  
Gainesville, FL 32604  
904-377-RAPE  
contact: Merry Reid

counseling, community education, staffed entirely by volunteers

Central Crisis Center  
Hot Line  
22118 Park Street  
Jacksonville, FL 32204  
904-384-2232  
contact: Bonnie Jacob

associated with volunteer rape group, trying to establish battered women's center

Rape Awareness  
Revitco Building  
140 West Flagler Street  
Miami, FL 33130  
305-579-5416  
contact: Muriel Solomon

educational arm of the rape crisis network, general education for community, police, hospital and media; research oriented, offers material in Spanish on child sexual abuse, and on how rape affects black and Cuban cultures

Sexual Assault Resources of Jackson Memorial Hospital  
Jackson Memorial Hospital  
1700 N.W. 10th Avenue  
Miami, FL 33136  
305-325-RAPE  
contact: Dr. Dorothy Hicks

24 hour hot line, medical and psychological assistance available, located in community hospital

Victim Advocate  
1515 N.W. 7th St, Room 112  
Miami, FL 33125  
305-547-7933

works closely with Jackson Memorial Hospital, open 9-5 office (on call 24 hours), provides counseling and companionship service

Hillsborough County Stop Rape, Inc.  
1723 West Kennedy Blvd.  
Tampa, FL 33606  
813-228-RAPE  
contact: Lerea Castillo  
Gail Engelhart

counseling, speakers, self-defense course

Crisis Centers

-7-

GEORGIA

Rape Crisis Center  
Grady Memorial Hospital  
80 Butler Street S.E.  
Atlanta, GA 30303  
404-659-1212 ext. 4460  
404-659-RAPE (hot line)  
contact: Dr. Ann D. McAlister

24 hour hot line, companion  
service, speakers

HAWAII

Sex Abuse Treatment Center  
Kapiolani Hospital  
1319 Punahou Street  
Honolulu, HI 96814  
808-944-5353 or 5552  
808-955-6611 (hospital no.)  
contact: Paula Thun

opened October 1976, con-  
nected with Suicide Crisis  
Line, medical services,  
follow-up and companion  
service available,  
speakers

Women Against Rape  
808-531-7589  
contact: Janice Arnold-Jones

started Feb. 1976, speakers,  
community education, coun-  
seling

IDAHO

Rape Crisis Alliance  
YWCA  
720 Washington Street  
Boise, ID 83702  
208-345-4273  
contact: Vicki Walker

24 hour hot line, coun-  
seling and education

ILLINOIS

Women Against Rape  
311 West University Ave.  
Champaign, IL 61820  
217-256-0731 (business)  
217-384-4444 (hot line)  
contact: Kathy McCabe

24 hour hot line, counseling

Chicago Women Against Rape  
YWCA  
37 South Wabash  
Chicago, IL 60603  
312-372-6600 ext. 74  
contact: Marcia Alpert

not a hot line, open 9-9,  
5 days a week, Sat. 9-5,  
counseling

Crisis Centers

-8-

ILLINOIS

Northside Rape Crisis Ctr.  
Mailable East Community  
Service  
6033 North Sheridan Street  
Chicago, IL 60660  
312-728-1920

speakers, crisis line

INDIANA

Rape Crisis Intervention Unit  
Midtown Community Mental  
Health Clinic  
1001 West 10th Street  
Indianapolis, IN 46202  
317-639-6671  
contact: Sharon Koskovich

24 hour hot line, part of  
general crisis center,  
counseling, companion ser-  
vice available

IOWA

Women's Counseling Service  
220 East 2nd St., Rm. 226  
Davenport, IA 52801  
319-322-1719  
contact: Joellyn Garal

all types of counseling  
for women

Polk County Rape/Sexual  
Assault Care Center  
700 E. University  
Des Moines, IA 50316  
515-262-4357 (hot line)  
515-283-5666 (business)  
contact: Corinne Whitlatch

24 hour hot line, serves  
as a support group, speak-  
ers and community educa-  
tion available

Iowa City Rape Crisis Line  
130 North Madison  
Iowa City, IA 52242  
319-338-4800  
contact: Terri Kelly

24 hour hot line, works  
out of women's center,  
referral services, speak-  
ers and general informa-  
tion available

Story County Sexual Assault  
Care Center  
Box 1150 Iowa State  
University Station  
Ames, IA 50010  
515-232-7786  
contact: Ursula Ruedenberg

24 hour hot line, counsel-  
ing, education, follow-up  
service, works with related  
agencies

Crisis Centers

-9-

KANSAS

Douglas County Rape Victim  
Support Services  
Box 2087  
University Station  
Lawrence, KS 66045  
913-843-8985  
contact: Polly Pettit  
Casey Eike

24 hour hot line, preven-  
tive information available,  
self-defense classes, have  
produced a film: "Rape  
Prevention: No Pat Answer"

Rape Counseling Council  
Greater Topeka Chamber of  
Commerce  
Topeka Rape Counselors  
722 Kansas Avenue  
Topeka, KS 66603  
913-234-2644  
contact: Jeannie Godfrey  
Linda Warnow

KENTUCKY

R.A.P.E. Relief Center  
c/o YWCA  
604 South 3rd Street  
Louisville, KY 40202  
502-585-2331  
contact: Grace Ericksen  
Pat Thatcher-Zocklein

24 hour hot line, companion  
service, speakers, court  
watchers and educational  
material available

LOUISIANA

Rape Crisis Center of Baton  
Rouge  
414 Louisiana Avenue  
Baton Rouge, LA 70801  
504-383-7273  
contact: Ginger Broussard

24 hour hot line, speakers,  
counseling

YWCA Rape Crisis Service  
3433 Tulane Avenue  
New Orleans, LA 70809  
504-483-2693  
contact: Donna Myhre  
Mary Capps

24 hour hot line, speakers,  
newsletter, 30 min. tape  
on rape in New Orleans  
available, information about  
tape can be obtained at  
Rape Crisis Service

Crisis Centers

-10-

MAINE

Augusta General Hospital  
East Chestnut Street  
Augusta, ME 04330  
207-623-4711  
contact: Gail Hamilton

located in hospital, social  
worker available to deal  
with rape cases, talk of  
setting up a rape crisis  
center

MARYLAND

Baltimore Rape Crisis  
Center, Inc.  
YWCA Building  
128 West Franklin Street  
Room 103  
Baltimore, MD 21201  
301-366-7273

24 hour hot line, companion  
service, speakers, refer-  
rals

Prince George's County  
Sexual Assault Center  
Department of Psychiatry  
Prince George's General  
Hospital & Medical Ctr.  
Cheverly, MD 20785  
301-341-4942  
contact: Nancy Hall

24 hour hot line, follow-  
up counseling, advocate  
and companion services,  
community education

Rape Crisis Hot Line  
Room 2124  
Health Center  
University of Maryland  
College Park, MD 20742  
301-454-4616 or 4617  
contact: Irsa Holt

education referral service,  
housing and counseling  
available

MASSACHUSETTS

Rape Crisis Intervention Team  
Beth Israel Hospital  
330 Brookline Avenue  
Boston, MA 02215  
617-735-2000 ext. 4645  
contact: Sharon McCombie

24 hour hot line, located  
in hospital

Boston Area Rape Crisis Ctr.  
c/o Women's Center  
46 Pleasant Street  
Cambridge, MA 02139  
617-492-RAPE

support group, speakers  
available, organized as  
a collective

Crisis Centers

-11-

MASSACHUSETTS

Rape Line 24 hour hot line located  
Chicopee Police Department in police department  
City Hall  
Front Street  
Chicopee, MA 01013  
413-594-6475

Rape Crisis Counseling Group rape counseling 24 hours  
c/o Women's Center  
41 Eagle Street  
North Adams, MA 10247  
413-663-3931  
contact: Beverly Russell

Rape Crisis Center of 24 hour counseling and  
Berkshire County referral service, speakers  
Bishop Building of Pitts- available  
field General Hospital  
North Street  
Pittsfield, MA 01201  
contact: Heddie Lipez  
Alba Wohl

MICHIGAN

Detroit Rape Crisis Line 24 hour crisis line,  
P.O. Box 35271 speakers, self defense  
Seven Oaks Station course, educational mater-  
Detroit, MI 48235 ial on rape available  
313-372-RAPE  
contact: Susan Rohr

Women's Crisis Center counseling, educational  
P.O. Box 413 materials and training  
Ann Arbor, MI 48106 manual available  
313-994-9100  
contact: Lita Jamieson

Assault Crisis Center 24 hour crisis interven-  
561 North Hewitt tion funded by LEAA, deals  
Ypsilanti, MI 48197 with sexual assault and  
313-434-9881 wife abuse cases, provides  
contact: Julie Hatchard companion service, coun-  
seling and public education

Crisis Centers

-12-

MINNESOTA

NOW Task Force on Rape  
2851 East Lake of the Isles  
Blvd.  
Minneapolis, MN 55113  
612-333-7717  
contact: Connie Baillie

serves as an information  
center on rape

Rape and Sexual Assault  
Counseling Center  
Neighborhood Involvement  
Program (NIP)  
2617 Hennepin Avenue  
Minneapolis, MN 55408  
612-374-4357  
contact: Peg Edel

24 hour hot line, educa-  
tional material available

Rape and Sexual Offense  
Service (SOS)  
65 Kellogg Blvd.  
St. Paul, MN 55101  
612-298-5898  
contact: Mary Maloney

24 hour hot line, emergency  
funds available, advocacy  
program, child care, edu-  
cation

MISSISSIPPI

Rape Crisis Center  
P.O. Box 4174  
Jackson, MS 39216  
601-354-1113  
contact: Garnett Doolittle

24 hour hot line, counsel-  
ing, companion service,  
speakers available

MISSOURI

Metropolitan Org. of Counter  
Sexual Assault (MOCSA)  
2 West 40th St., Suite 104  
Kansas City, MO 64106  
816-931-4527 (office)  
816-923-1123 (hot line)  
contact: Marilyn Williams

24 hour hot line, covers  
part of Kansas, speakers,  
companion service and  
counseling available

Crisis Centers

-13-

MONTANA

Rape Relief Program  
Women's Place  
1130 West Broadway  
Missoula, MT 59801  
406-543-7606  
contact: Linda Bernstein  
Jennifer Thompson

24 hour hot line, organized as a collective, companion service, speakers, referrals, advocacy program, and educational material available

NEBRASKA

Rape Crisis Center  
2545 R Street  
Lincoln, NE 68503  
402-475-RAPE  
contact: Gina Washburn

24 hour crisis line, counseling, speakers, education and companion service; tape on rape available through center for use in Nebraska

Rape Crisis Center  
Mayor's Commission on the  
Status of Women  
1818 Farnam Street  
Omaha, NE 68102  
402-444-5298 (office)  
402-345-RAPE (hot line)  
contact: Donna Crawford

24 hour hot line, education, counseling

NEVADA

Rape Crisis Center  
325 Flint Street  
Reno, NV 89501  
702-329-RAPE  
contact: Judy Monk

24 hour hot line, speakers

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Concord Women Against  
Rape, Inc.  
38 South Main  
Concord, NH 03301  
603-225-2739  
contact: Carol Moore

24 hour hot line, speakers, conferences, counseling

Crisis Centers

-14-

NEW JERSEY

Bergan County Women Against Rape  
c/o Josie Smith  
461 Liberty Road  
Englewood, NJ 07631  
201-567-3289

speakers, counseling

Women's Crisis Center  
56 College Avenue  
New Brunswick, NJ 08901  
201-828-7273

general women's crisis center, collective, 7 days a week, 8-4 and 8-midnight, counseling, information on rape, referrals

NEW MEXICO

Rape Crisis Center  
602 3rd Street S.W.  
Albuquerque, NM 87102  
505-247-0707  
contact: Lynn Rosner

24 hour hot line (staffed 8 to 5, answering service after that time), community education, counseling and referrals

Rape Crisis Center  
104 West San Francisco St.  
Room 12  
Santa Fe, NM 87501  
contact: Shelbee Matis

24 hour hot line, counseling and education

NEW YORK

Crisis Service Inc.  
3258 Main Street  
Buffalo, NY 14214  
716-838-5980  
contact: Charles Haywood

24 hour hot line, works with Erie County Anti-Rape and Sexual Assault Program

Erie County Anti-Rape and Sexual Assault Program  
95 Franklin St., Rm. 1376  
Buffalo, NY 14202  
716-846-6462  
contact: Judy Laughlin

train counselors for other centers, co-ordinate services for victims, make recommendations, advocacy program and companion service

Crisis Centers

NEW YORK

New York Women Against Rape  
(NYWAR)  
c/o Red Cross  
150 Amsterdam Avenue  
New York, NY 10023  
212-877-8700  
contact: Tony Halbreich

rape counseling and  
referral, weekdays  
6-9 p.m., speakers,  
court watchers,  
training program for  
public agencies

Rape Prevention Committee  
NOW, New York Chapter  
47 East 19th St.  
New York, NY 10003  
212-675-8950  
contact: Yolanda Bako

working to get rape  
prevention a funding  
priority, rape pre-  
vention packet  
available

Rape Crisis Service  
Planned Parenthood of Roches-  
ter and Monroe County, Inc.  
24 Windsor Street  
Rochester, NY 14605  
716-546-2595  
contact: Charman Bennett

24 hour hot line,  
companion service,  
counseling, speakers

NORTH CAROLINA

Chapel Hill Rape Crisis Ctr.  
c/o Switchboard  
112 North Graham Street  
Chapel Hill, NC 27514  
919-967-RAPE

24 hour hot line

NORTH DAKOTA

Rape Crisis Center  
118 North 3rd Street  
Grand Forks, ND 58201  
701-746-6666  
contact: Sue Ford

24 hour hot line,  
speakers, counselors

Crisis Centers

-16-

OHIO

Akron Women Against Rape  
P.O. Box 34  
Tallmadge, OH 44278  
216-434-RAPE  
contact: Renee Colette

24 hour hot line and  
advocacy group, speakers  
and self defense course

Rape Crisis Center  
2699 Clifton Avenue  
Cincinnati, OH 45220  
513-861-2959  
contact: Jo-Ellen Ervin

24 hours on the weekend,  
open 12 hours during the  
week, counseling and  
crisis intervention, com-  
panion service available,  
also deals with wife  
abuse

Project Woman Rape Crisis Ctr.  
22 East Grand Avenue  
Springfield, OH 45506  
513-325-3707  
contact: Dr. Beverly Powers

24 hour hot line, crisis  
intervention, community  
education, have prepared  
a tape and slide presen-  
tation on rape

OKLAHOMA

Oklahoma County YWCA Rape  
Crisis Center  
YWCA Women's Resource Ctr.  
722 N.W. 30th  
Oklahoma City, OK 73118  
405-528-5508  
contact: Sandy Raffealli

24 hour hot line, crisis  
intervention, speakers  
available

OREGON

Rape Team  
Lane Interagency Rape Team  
185 East 8th Street  
Eugene, OR 97401  
503-687-4478  
contact: Marcia Morgan

community education,  
counseling, legal infor-  
mation and advocacy  
program

Women's Crisis Service  
Box 851  
Salem, OR 97308  
503-399-7722  
contact: Geri Bride

24 hour hot line, vol-  
unteer answering service,  
speakers available

Crisis Centers

-17-

PENNSYLVANIA

Women Organized Against  
Rape (WOAR)  
Philadelphia General Hosp.  
Nurses Residence Building  
Room 205  
700 Civic Center Blvd.  
Philadelphia, PA 19104  
215-823-7997, 7999, 7958  
contact: Letty Thall

24 hour hot line, speakers  
collective, legal informa-  
tion and general referral,  
companion service, rap  
groups, crisis intervention,  
training packet and educa-  
tional material available

Center for Rape Concern  
Philadelphia General Hosp.  
Mills Building, Rm. C-16  
700 Civic Center Blvd.  
Philadelphia, PA 19104  
215-823-7966  
contact: Dr. Linda Mayer  
Maddi-Jane Stern

crisis intervention, follow-  
up service, MSW available,  
open from 9-5:30 to handle  
emergencies; started as a  
research group, now mainly  
a service agency

PUERTO RICO

Commission for the Improve-  
ment of Women's Rights  
P.O. Box 11382  
Fernandez Juncos Station  
San Juan, PR 00910  
contact: Isabel Pico de  
Hernandez  
Rosa Santiago de Marazzi  
new director: Maria  
Milagros Lopez de Garriga

rape crisis center in plan-  
ning stage, will offer 24  
hour hot line, counseling,  
medical service and commu-  
nity education. Center will  
open sometime in March out  
of the building at Rio  
Piedras Medical Center and  
will offer medical care,  
legal advice and counseling,  
Mon.-Fri. 8-5; hopes to ex-  
pand into a 24 hour hot line.

RHODE ISLAND

Rape Crisis Center  
324 Broad St., c/o YWCA  
Central Falls, RI 02863  
401-723-3050 (office)  
401-861-4040 (hot line)  
contact: Amy Leland

crisis intervention, com-  
panion service, community  
education

Crisis Centers

-18-

SOUTH CAROLINA

People Against Rape  
109-1/2 Church Street  
Charleston, SC 29401  
803-722-3563 (office)  
803-722-RAPE (hot line)  
contact: Pat Weel

24 hour hot line, coun-  
seling, speakers, rap  
groups

Rape Education Program  
YWCA  
1505 Blanding Street  
Columbia, SC 29201  
803-252-2151  
contact: Julie Bodreux

not a hot line, provides  
educational service

Greenville Rape Crisis Center  
c/o Greenville Area Mental  
Health  
715 Grove Road  
Greenville, SC 29605  
803-271-0220  
contact: Roland Hyde

24 hour hot line

SOUTH DAKOTA

Rape Crisis Center  
2118 South Summit  
Sioux Falls, SD 57105  
605-334-6645  
contact: Cheryl Junck

24 hour hot line, coun-  
seling and education

TENNESSEE

Knoxville Rape Crisis Center  
c/o Knoxville Women's Center  
507 Mulvaney Street  
Knoxville, TN 37915  
615-522-RAPE

crisis intervention,  
companion and education  
services

Crisis Centers

-19-

TEXAS

Austin Rape Crisis Center  
600 West 28th Street  
Austin, TX 78705  
512-472-RAPE  
contact: Arlene Lyons

24 hour hot line; crisis intervention; companion service; speakers and community education; have an attorney, social worker, psychologist, training specialist and volunteer coordinator on staff; good resource center on how to start a rape crisis center and on child abuse

Texas Rape Prevention and Control Project  
701 West 15th Street  
Suite 202  
Austin, TX 78701  
512-476-9887  
contact: Karen Duggan  
Cathy Bonner

train police officers and prosecutors; help organize rape centers state wide; lend technical help to rape groups; train hospital personnel; plan to compile a rape prevention packet

Dallas Rape Crisis Center  
P.O. Box 12701  
Dallas, TX 75225  
214-630-7700  
contact: Joanne Austin

crisis intervention, follow-up, training for police, speakers and a shelter for women

San Antonio Rape Crisis Ctr.  
P.O. Box 28061  
San Antonio, TX 78228  
512-732-0717  
contact: Dr. Schoenfeld

24 hour counseling and advocacy service

UTAH

Salt Lake City Rape  
Crisis Center  
776 West Second North  
Salt Lake City, UT 84116  
801-532-RAPE  
contact: Christine Walters

24 hour hot line, speakers, community education, companion services

VERMONT

Women Against Rape, Inc.  
182 Main Street  
Burlington, VT 05401  
802-863-1386

24 hour hot line, organized as a collective, crisis intervention, speakers available

VIRGINIA

Alexandria Rape Victim Companion Program  
P.O. Box 178  
Alexandria, VA 22314  
703-971-8281 (hot line)  
703-750-6631 (office)  
contact: Ann Warshauer

24 hour hot line, crisis intervention, companion service, speakers, educational material available, have a training manual (basically for VA but serves as a good guideline for other groups working on legal reform)

Tidewater Rape Info. Service  
P.O. Box 9900  
Norfolk, VA 23505  
804-622-4300  
contact: Beverly Paulk

24 hour hot line, companion service, counseling, information and community education, speakers available

Roanoke Rape Crisis Center  
3515 Williamson Road  
Roanoke, VA 24012  
703-366-6030  
contact: Ann Lee Stevens

part of the Trust Hot Line, counselors on call

WASHINGTON

King County Rape Relief  
East Valley Good Neighbors Ctr.  
305 South 43rd  
Renton, WA 98055  
206-226-RAPE  
contact: Karen Adams  
Sharon Wylie

24 hour hot line, crisis intervention, support services, education, speakers available

Rape Relief  
4224 University Way N.E.  
Seattle, WA 98105  
206-632-RAPE  
contact: Marie Chevire

24 hour hot line, advocacy program, crisis intervention, speakers, outreach to minorities program

Crisis Centers

-21-

WASHINGTON

United Ways Crisis Clinic  
1530 Eastlake Avenue E.  
Suite 301  
Seattle, WA 98102  
206-323-2100  
206-329-1882 (business)  
contact: Linda Wheeler

crisis clinic, informa-  
tion, referral, emergency  
aid, education

WEST VIRGINIA

Sexual Assault Information Ctr.  
c/o Women's Health Center  
3101 MacCorkle Avenue S.E.  
Charleston, WV 25304  
304-344-9834  
contact: Sheri O'Dell

WISCONSIN

Wisconsin Task Force on Rape  
P.O. Box 11408  
Shorewood, WI 53211  
414-962-2864  
contact: Barbara Ulichny

lobby group, working on  
changing laws

Dane County Project on Rape  
120 West Mifflin Street  
Madison, WI 53703  
608-251-5440  
contact: Joan Rubel

associated with the rape  
crisis center, train  
police, work on legal  
reform, provide speakers

Rape Crisis Center  
P.O. Box 1312  
Madison, WI 53701  
608-251-RAPE

open 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.,  
crisis intervention, com-  
panion service, educational  
information, conduct  
workshops

Sexual Assault Treatment  
Center of Greater Milwaukee  
2711 West Wells Street  
Milwaukee, WI 53208  
414-344-9400 ext. 322  
contact: Margot Arnsdorf

counseling, follow-up,  
community education,  
located in hospital

Crisis Centers

WISCONSIN

Witness Support/Anti-Rape Unit  
Milwaukee County Office of the  
District Attorney  
Safety Building, Rm. 206E  
821 West State Street  
Milwaukee, WI 53233  
414-278-4617  
contact: Katherine Greenquist

support and counseling,  
companion service, pro-  
vides transportation,  
referral service,  
speakers available

WYOMING

R.A.P.E. (Rape Action  
Prevention Education)  
222 East 17th Street  
Cheyenne, WY 82001  
307-635-5212  
contact: Shari MacDaniels

new group, counseling  
and education information  
available

Crisis Center  
Box 57  
Rock Springs, WY 82901  
307-382-2273  
contact: Margaret Yates

24 hour hot line, com-  
panion service available

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\* FILMS \*  
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"Fighting Back"  
Indiana University Audio-  
Visual Center  
Bloomington, Indiana 47401  
Directed by Mirra Tank  
812-337-8087  
16 mm. 24 min. color  
rental: \$12.50  
sale: \$315

Film on how women are so-  
cialized to be passive and  
not fight back. The film  
contains a section on self  
defense, members of the N.Y.  
City Police Department give in-  
formation on prevention tactics,  
women from N.Y. Women Against  
Rape discuss the psychological  
effects of being raped.

"Nobody's Victim"  
FilmFair Communications  
10900 Ventura Blvd.  
Studio City, California  
91604  
213-877-3191  
20 minutes, color  
rental: \$20  
sale: \$230

Film on personal safety and  
avoiding and dealing with  
danger.

"Not A Pretty Picture"  
by Martha Coolidge  
Films, Inc.  
1144 Wilmette Avenue  
Wilmette, Illinois 60091  
312-256-4730  
83 minutes, color  
rental: \$150  
sale: \$800

Film based on Martha Coolidge's  
experience with rape while  
attending boarding school in  
the early 60's and how **that**  
experience affected her life.  
The film is part fiction,  
part documentary. It explores  
people's myths about rape and  
discusses sex roles.

"A Question of Consent -  
Rape"  
Motorola Teleprograms, Inc.  
4825 North Scott St.,  
Suite 26  
Schiller Park, Illinois 60176  
312-671-1565  
20 minutes, color  
rental: \$50  
sale: \$295

This film is designed to  
train prosecutors on how to  
handle evidence. The film  
shows a rape and the trial.  
The film emphasizes the impor-  
tance of evidence and shows how  
it is used to make a case.

Films

-2-

"Rape Alert"  
Aims Instructional Media  
Services Inc.  
626 Justin Avenue  
Glendale, Calif. 91201  
213-240-9300  
17 min. color  
rent: \$30 1-3 days  
purchase: \$260.00

This film gives some basic advice for the prevention of rape. It was produced in cooperation with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office.

"Rape Culture"  
Cambridge Documentary  
Films  
Box 385  
Cambridge, Mass. 02139  
617-354-3677  
35 min. color  
rental: \$40.00 one day  
\$60.00 two days  
purchase: \$370.00

Authors Mary Daly and Emily Culpepper look at examples of popular culture (films, advertising, music and adult entertainment) in order to discuss how people are socialized about rape. Rapists, rape victims, and rape center workers offer their insight into the subject. To make their point, film clippings from recent movies are used. These clippings may be disturbing to some audiences.

"Rape: A Preventive  
Inquiry"  
Motorola Teleprograms, Inc.  
4825 N. Scott St.  
Suite 26  
Schiller Park, IL 60176  
312-671-1565  
17-1/2 min. 16 mm. color  
rental: \$50 one week  
purchase: \$295

Four women who were sexually assaulted discuss their experiences, convicted rapists discuss their feelings about rape, and inspectors from the San Francisco Sex Crimes Detail discuss some of their rape cases.

"Rape - Part 1 - Problems  
in Proof"  
"Rape - Part 2 - Provid-  
ing the Proof"  
Aims Instructional Media  
Services, Inc.  
Glendale, Calif. 91201  
213-240-9300  
30 min. each  
rental: \$75 a wk. each  
purchase: \$410.00 each

Although these films are recommended for police use they could also be useful in a workshop. Part 1 shows a rape incident and then shows what happens in the court room. It emphasizes the importance of collecting evidence properly. Part 2 shows another rape incident but this time the evidence is collected properly. The film discusses the legal aspects of rape.

Films

-3-

"Rape...The Right to Resist"  
Aimes Instructional Media Services, Inc.  
626 Justin Avenue  
Glendale, Calif. 91201  
213-240-9300  
16 min. color  
rental: \$30 1-3 days  
purchase: \$250

The film mainly deals with self defense and discusses some of the myths about rape. The film emphasizes the point that women have the right to resist.

"Reality of Rape"  
Motorola Teleprograms, Inc.  
4825 North Scott Street  
Suite 26  
Schiller Park, IL 60176  
10 min. color  
312-671-1565  
rental: \$25 one week  
purchase: \$175

This film shows a realistic rape stressing the crisis of the situation, and emphasizing the importance of good police interviewing techniques. Because of the language used and the shocking realism of the rape, the film may be disturbing to some viewers. This film should be shown with discretion.

"Rape Tape"  
by Jenny Goldberg  
35 min. video  
1/2" or cassette  
Information about tape can be obtained by writing:  
Jenny Goldberg  
3130 College Avenue  
Berkeley, Calif. 94705  
415-653-0336  
rental: \$10.00

This tape is a very frank discussion by four women who have been raped. They talk about the guilt they experienced, how they dealt with their parents and friends, and how rape restricts their lives. It is a very sensitive and informative look at what it means to be raped.

"The Sex Offender"  
316 North Miami Avenue  
Miami, Florida 33128  
Att: Greg Kendall  
305-377-8241  
approx. 22 min.  
If you send a video cassette they will make free copies.

Documentary on South Florida State Hospital Sex Offender Program. The tape deals with what the offender, the offender's wife, and the victim have to say about rape.

Films

"No Tears for Rachel"  
 Indiana University  
 Audio Visual Center  
 Bloomington, Ind. 47401  
 812-337-8087  
 16 mm. 27 min.  
 rental: \$12.50  
 purchase: \$315

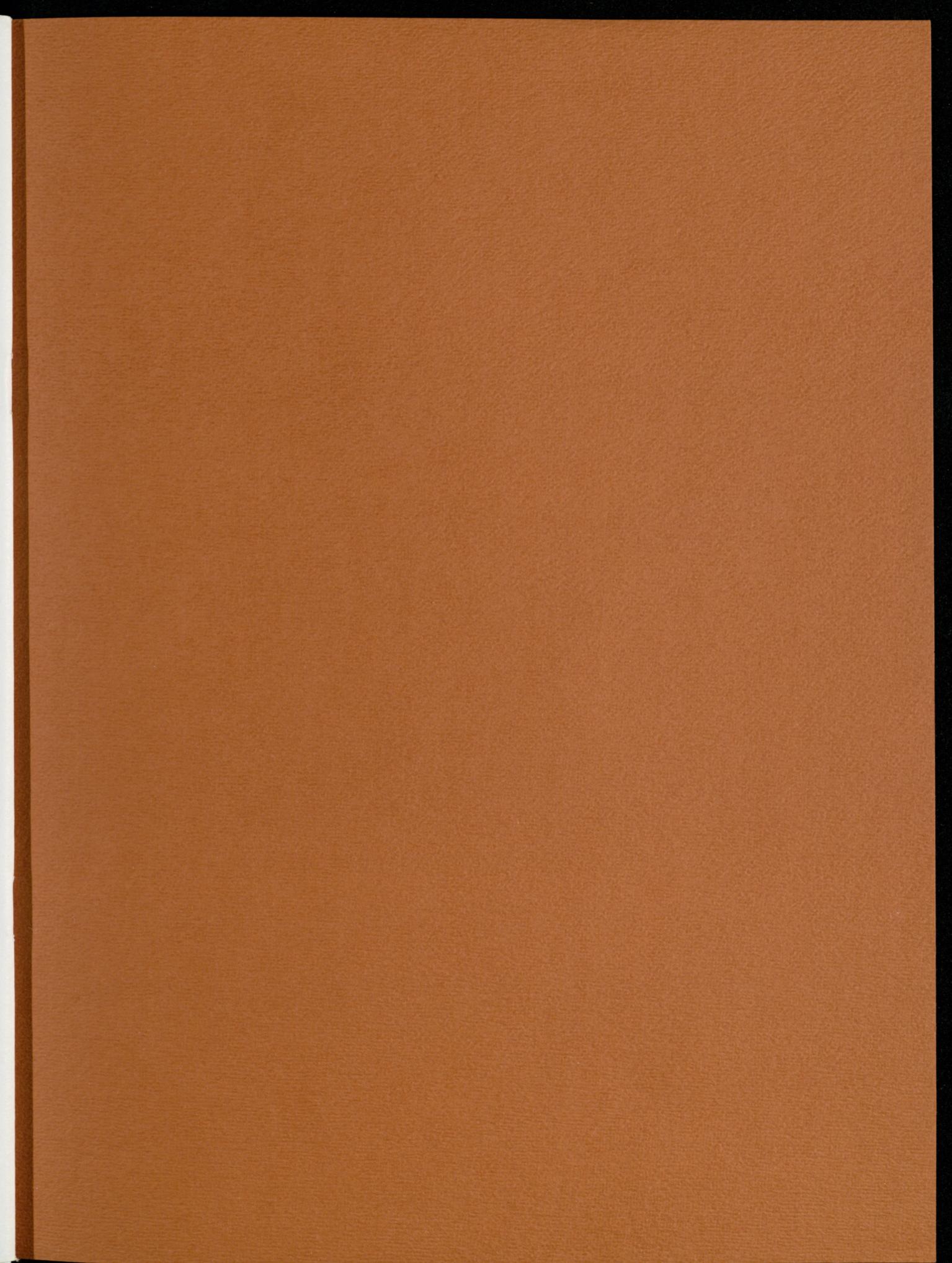
This 1972 film (Bill Moyer's Journal) discusses in detail the problems that rape victims face. A rape victim, police officer, prosecutor, and doctor are among some of the people interviewed. Very informative film.

"Violación y la Mujer Latina"  
 Femedía III  
 c/o Marta Segovia Ashley  
 240 Alma Street  
 San Francisco, Cal. 94117  
 415-665-3466  
 24 min. 3/4" or 1/2"  
 video tape  
 rental: contact above  
 for information

This tape focusses on the attitudes toward rape victims and the problems they face in the Latin culture. Shows the reactions of the family and gives information about the facts of rape. This tape was written, directed and acted by Latin women.

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